

1. (SB 1) (a)

$$e = \frac{W}{Q_h} = \frac{25.0 \text{ J}}{360 \text{ J}} = 6.94\%$$

(b)

$$Q_h - Q_c = W \Rightarrow Q_c = Q_h - W = 335 \text{ J}$$

2. (SB 14)

(a) For adiabatic process

$$P_i V_i^\gamma = P_f V_f^\gamma \Rightarrow \frac{V_f}{V_i} = \left(\frac{P_i}{P_f}\right)^{-\frac{1}{\gamma}}$$

By the Ideal Gas Law

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{P_i V_i}{T_i} &= \frac{P_f V_f}{T_f} \Rightarrow T_f = T_i \frac{P_f}{P_i} \frac{V_f}{V_i} \\ &= T_i \left(\frac{P_f}{P_i}\right)^{1-\frac{1}{\gamma}} \\ &= 564 \text{ K} \quad (\gamma = \frac{5}{3} \text{ for Argon}) \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \Delta E_{\text{int}} = Q - W = -W \quad (\because Q=0)$$

$$\therefore W = -\Delta E_{\text{int}} = -nC_v \Delta T$$

$$\text{Power} = \frac{W}{t} = -\frac{n}{t} C_v \Delta T$$

$$\Delta T = 564 \text{ K} - 1073 \text{ K}$$

$$C_v = \frac{3}{2}R \quad (\because C_v = \frac{R}{\gamma-1})$$

$$\therefore \text{Power} = 212 \text{ kW}$$

$$\frac{n}{t} = \frac{80 \text{ kg}}{0.0399 \text{ kg}} \frac{1}{60 \text{ sec.}}$$

$$(c) e = 1 - \frac{T_c}{T_h} = 1 - \frac{564 \text{ K}}{1073 \text{ K}} = 47.5\%$$

$$3. (SB 20) (a) \text{ Efficiency of Otto engine, } e = 1 - \left(\frac{V_2}{V_1}\right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$\text{Compression ratio} = 6 \Rightarrow \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\therefore e = 51.2\%$$

$$(b) \text{ fraction of fuel wasted} = (51.2 - 15)\% = 36.2\%$$

$$4. (SB 35) \Delta S = \frac{Q_2}{T_2} + \frac{(-Q_1)}{T_1} = \frac{1000 \text{ J}}{290 \text{ K}} - \frac{1000 \text{ J}}{5700 \text{ K}} = 3.27 \text{ J/K}$$

5. (SB 40)

$$(a) P_i V = nRT_i \Rightarrow V = \frac{nRT_i}{P_i} = 39.4 \text{ L} \quad (n = \frac{40.0 \text{ g}}{39.9 \text{ g}})$$

$$(b) \Delta E_{\text{int}} = nC_v \Delta T = -2.50 \text{ kJ} \quad (C_v = \frac{R}{\gamma-1} = \frac{3}{2}R)$$

$$(c) \because V = \text{constant}, \therefore W = 0$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = Q - W \Rightarrow Q = -2.50 \text{ kJ}$$

$$(d) \Delta S_{\text{Argon}} = \int_i^f \frac{dQ}{T} = \int_i^f \frac{nC_v dT}{T} = nC_v \ln \frac{T_f}{T_i} = -6.87 \text{ J/K}$$

$$(e) \Delta S_{\text{bath}} = \frac{2.50 \text{ kJ}}{273 \text{ K}} \quad (\text{recall that the temperature of heat bath is a constant})$$

$$= 9.16 \text{ J/K}$$