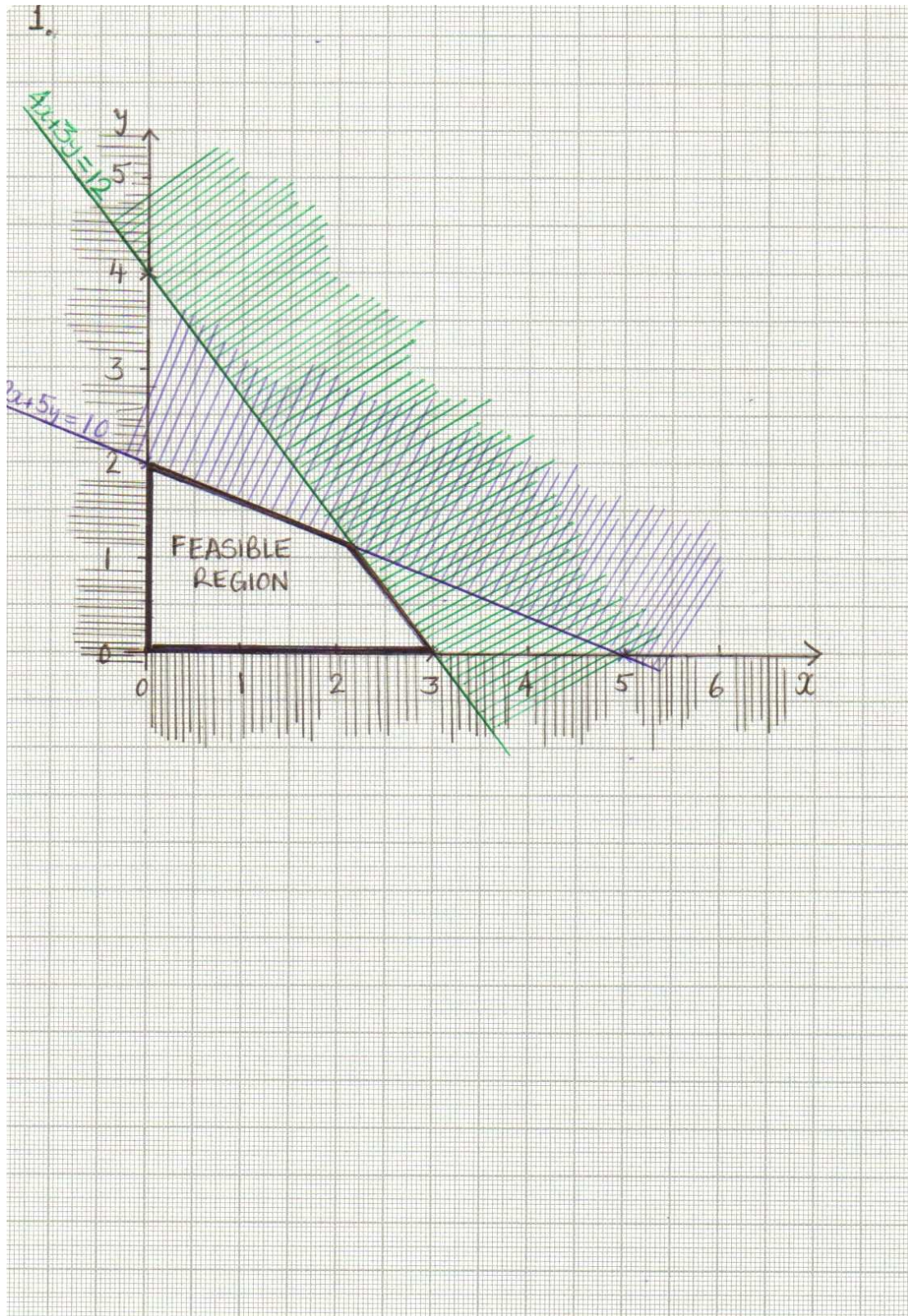


## Chapter 10 – solutions to tutorial exercises



2. Question 1 in exercises 8 resulted in the following linear programming problem:

Maximise  $P = 75x + 120y$  subject to

$$\begin{aligned}x + 2y &\leq 40, \\3x + 4y &\leq 100, \\x &\geq 0, \\y &\geq 0,\end{aligned}$$

where

$x$  = number of type A machines bought, and  
 $y$  = number of type B machines bought;

$P$  = Profit (£).

Consider  $x + 2y \leq 40$ .

For  $x + 2y = 40$ ,

- when  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 20$
- when  $y = 0$ ,  $x = 40$ .

Consider  $3x + 4y \leq 100$ .

For  $3x + 4y = 100$ ,

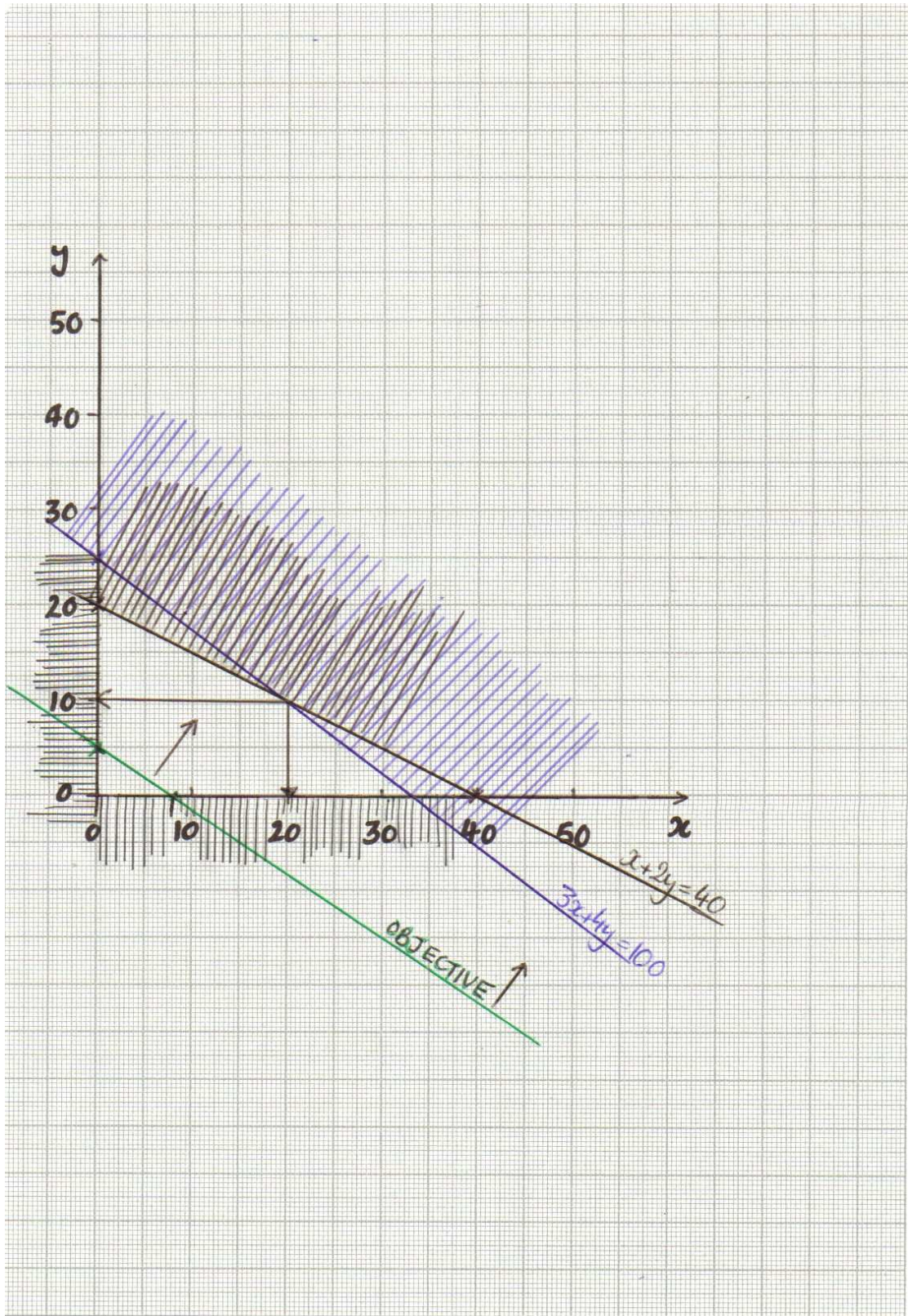
- when  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 25$
- when  $y = 0$ ,  $x = 33.3$ .

For the objective line, we have  $75x + 120y = 600$ .

- when  $x = 0$ ,  $y = 5$ .
- when  $y = 0$ ,  $x = 8$ .

From the graph, it is clear that we should buy 20 type A machines and 10 type B machines, giving a profit of

$$\begin{aligned}P &= 75 \times 20 + 120 \times 10 \\ &= \text{£}2700.\end{aligned}$$



3.

Toy	Material (m <sup>2</sup> )	Time (mins)	Profit (£)
Bear	5	12	1.50
Cat	8	8	1.75
Limits	2000	2880 (mins!)	

(i) STEP 1: DECISION VARIABLES

Let  $x$  : number of bears made, and  
 $y$  : number of cats made.

STEP 2: CONSTRAINTS

$$5x + 8y \leq 2000 \quad (\text{material})$$

$$12x + 8y \leq 2880 \quad (\text{time})$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{non-negativity constraints.}$$

STEP 3: OBJECTIVE FUNCTION

Let  $P$  = profit. Then

$$P = 150x + 175y \quad (\text{in pence}).$$

(ii) For the diagram,

$$5x + 8y \leq 2000$$

- when  $x=0$ ,  $y=250$
- when  $y=0$ ,  $x=400$

$$12x + 8y \leq 2880$$

- when  $x=0$ ,  $y=360$
- when  $y=0$ ,  $x=240$

OBJECTIVE LINE

$$P = 150x + 175y$$

Try  $P = 150 \times 175 = 26250$ .

- when  $x=0$ ,  $y=150$
- when  $y=0$ ,  $x=175$

Looking at the graph, we see that the maximum profit is achieved at the intersection between the lines  $12x + 8y = 2880$  and  $5x + 8y = 2000$ .

An accurate graph will give  $x = 125.7$  and  $y = 171.4$ .  
So we should make 125 bears and 171 cats to maximise our profit.

(iii) The maximum profit is thus

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 150 \times 125 + 175 \times 171 \\ &= 48675p \\ &= \text{£}486.75 \end{aligned}$$

